THE COLUMBIAN MIRROR AND ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE.

Four Dollars per Ann.] TUESDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1797. [Vol. VI.---No. 727.

VENDUE.

ON TUESDAY and FRIDAY, in every week, at 10 o'clock in the morning, will be exposed for sale at the Vendue Store (corner of Prince and Water streets

A VARIETY OF

WET & DRY GOODS.

Of which the particulars will be given previous to the sale.

The VENDUE MASTERS will always keep the Store open for the reception of GOODS, and selling of such articles therein between the times of public sales as may be on limitation. They likewise offer their services in transacting any kind of Commission Business.

MARSTELLER & SONS.

April 5th, 1797.

PUBLIC SALE.

Will be offered at Public Sale on Thursday the 7th instant, on the premises,

A Lot of Ground, on Duke

Street, to the eastward of Water street, 29 feet front, and 66 feet back, for negociable notes at 30 days, with approved endorsers—title to be made when the money is paid.

December 2.

Just Received,

AND FOR SALE, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

By the Subscribers, two doors below Messrs. Ricketts & Newton's, on Prince street,

A LARGE & GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

Boots, Shoes, & Slippers,

Amongst which are the following, viz.

Best Calf skin boots
Cordevan do.
Half do.
Strong coarse do. fit for seamen and labourers
Mens' best No 1. shoes
Do. wax'd leather do.
Do. black grain do.
Do. large strong do.
Boys' coarse and fine do.
Childrens' black leather shoes
Childrens' red Morocco do.
Ladies' and misses' Morocco slippers of a variety of colours
Ladies' kid slippers
Black, red, and green Morocco sandals
Ladies' and misses' fine leather slippers bound and lined
Best stuff shoes & slippers
Womens' strong rand shoes and slippers, suitable for the season.

Together with a general assortment of

Liquors and Groceries,

And a great variety of other articles at retail.

ALSO,

3 pipes 4th & 1st proof Brandy of superior quality
4 hhds. molasses, suitable for retailing
Hollands gin in bbls.
Sugar in do.
Soap in boxes
1000 wt. seal leather
10 boxes chocolate
6 do. candles
500 bushels best R. Island potatoes
2000wt. Rhode Island cheese
Several casks of 6, 4, 3, and 2d. nails.

THOMAS ROGERSON & CO.

November 21.

I WILL sell one half, or the whole, of the Warehouse on King Street, now occupied by Messrs. Andrew and William Ramsay.

JAMES WILSON.

November 28.

FOR SALE,

A valuable House Wench,

Who is an excellent cook, and washes and irons well—Apply at the Office of the Columbian Mirror.

December 2.

Six-Pence Reward.

RAN AWAY from the Subscriber living in Loudoun County, on the 23d of the 12th month, a servant Lad named ALLEN SMITH, about twenty years of age. Whoever takes up said lad and brings him to me shall be entitled to the above reward.

NATHAN SPENCER, Senr.

12th month 2d, '97. 3

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber intending to leave this place in a few days, requests all persons indebted to him to make immediate payment—and all those who have claims against him are desired to bring them in for settlement.

CHARLES RICHTER.

December 2.

FOR SALE,

ON A LIBERAL CREDIT.

The Ship FAIR VIRGINIAN, Philadelphia built, about 400 hhds. burthen, four years old, and a very good vessel.—She has just arrived from Europe, and may be fitted out at a small expense.

If an inducement to the purchaser, I will put one half the outward bound cargo on board on my own account.—Apply to

Wm. HODGSON.

November 25.

Polkinhorn and Andrew,

have received by the Fair Virginian, from London,

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

Saddles and Bridles,

With a few sets of Plated and Brass Chair Harness, of the first quality and fashion.

November 21. eptf

John Horsburg & Co.

At the Store opposite Mr. Charles Love's,

HAVE just received, and now offer for sale, an elegant and extensive assortment of Sattin-finished, brocaded and embroid'd MUSLINS, CHINTZES, CALLICOES, DIMITIES, and IRISH LINENS, together with a great variety of other

DRY GOODS,

Which they are determined to dispose of on the most reasonable terms.

November 25. 2wep

Andrew & Wm. Ramsay

Have imported in the ship Pomona, from Oporto,

TEN PIPES, TEN HHDS. & TWENTY QUARTER CASKS OF

PORT WINE,

of vintage '92, and of an excellent quality.

Also from Lisbon,

FIFTY QUARTER CASKS

DRY LISBON WINE.

which they now offer for sale at their warehouse on King street.—They have on hand Madeira wine in pipes, Lisbon do. in do. Teneriffe do. in hhds. Sherry do. in quarter casks, Port do. in bottles, old Rum in hhds. and barrels, and a quantity of well assorted bar iron.

August 1, 1797.

BENNETT & WATTS,

At the Corner of King and Fairfax Streets,

HAVE FOR SALE,

FOR CASH, OR GOOD NOTES AT SIXTY DAYS,

100 PIECES RUSSIA SHEETINGS OF THE FIRST QUALITY.

50 PIECES OF RAVENS DUCK,

SEINE TWINE.

Just imported in the Fair Virginian, Captain Robinson.

LIKEWISE

A FRESH SUPPLY OF

London Superfine Cloths,

KERSEYMERES, ELASTICS, AND SWANSDOWNS,

November 18. 3w

L. & C. POWELL,

AT THEIR STORE ON KING-STREET,

Have received an additional supply of

DRY GOODS,

Which makes their retail assortment very general and complete.——They have also for sale a large quantity of INDIA COTTONS & TICKLENBURGS by the piece—Madeira Wine in pipes and quarter casks, Bar Iron by the ton—and a few crates of well assorted Queensware, which they will sell low for cash, or on a short credit.

November 21. tf

Will be landed this day,

Out of the schooner Sophia, from Madeira and Teneriffe,

Madeira Wine, in pipes,

hogsheads, and quarter casks,—old, and fit for immediate use:

Teneriffe Wine, in pipes

and quarter casks,——which are offered for sale on a short credit.

Wm. WILSON.

November 14.

TO BE RENTED,

A Store and Cellar

At the corner of King and Pitt Streets

JOSEPH MANDEVILLE

November 21. tf

William Hartshorne & Sons

HAVE FOR SALE,

AT THEIR STORE ON COL. HOOE'S WHARF,

30 bbls. Loaf Sugar,

40 do. Prime Beef,

100 dozen long and short Gloves,

They have also on hand,

A complete assortment of

PHILADELPHIA, MARYLAND, AND SWEDISH

BAR IRON,

together with a quantity of NAIL RODS, of all sizes.

Alex. 11th mo. 2d. 1797.

JUST RECEIVED,

AND FOR SALE BY

Dempsey, Harris, & Co.

A quantity of Dry White Lead in casks, containing 5 cwt. each.—also,

Spanish Brown, Red Lead, & Yellow Ochre,

Oils and Varnishes,

Brushes and Pencils,

With most articles in the Drug and Painting line.

October 3. tf

The Subscriber,

(In King Street, second door from Pitt-street)

PROPOSES keeping a constant supply of FLOUR of the best quality for family use, and also

Bran, Corn, and Indian Meal,

and a General Assortment of BOLTING CLOTHS, as usual; which he is determined to sell at the most reduced prices, for Cash only.

Cash, and the highest price given for FLAX SEED.

ALEX. SMITH.

November 18.

I have for Sale,

A FEW HOGSHEADS PRIME

James River and Maryland Tobacco.

ALSO,

A Schooner Craft,

From 40 to 50 hogsheads burthen, on a liberal credit.

Wm. HODGSON.

November 11.

WILLIAM HODGSON

IS NOW LANDING,

From on board the ship Brunshill from Whitehaven,

AND FOR SALE BY WHOLESALE ONLY,

A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF

FALL GOODS.

Also Nails of all kinds, Shot, Lead; 7 by 9, 8 by 10, 12 by 10, & 12 by 16 Crown Window Glass; a few pair of elegant Looking Glasses; Candles and Soap in boxes, Bottled Porter in casks, Earthen Ware in crates, Bottled Mustard in small boxes, Sail Canvas, Carpets and Carpetting; a few elegant Marble Chimney Pieces, with suitable wood Decorations, and Hearth Stones; a few complete Patent Kitchen Ranges, with Perpetual Ovens; Anvils & Vices; Grindstones, and about

5,000 bushels Fine Salt.

October 20, 1797.

WM. I. HALL,

Has received by the Ship Brunshill,

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

GOODS,

SUITABLE FOR THE FALL.

And many packages that would answer the West-India market, entitled to the drawback.

He has also on hand,

Hats by the box—coarse and fine,
Nails by the cask, from 4d to 30d.
Small boxes of well assorted Hardware,
Seine Twine,
Do. Rope,
Brace Rope,
Grind Stones,
Sad Iron,
Crates of Earthenware,
Boxes of Glass Ware,

An excellent assortment of

Saddlery & Cutlery,

Anvils, Frying-pans, Spades, Graves, &c.

Which will be sold on the lowest terms.

Prince Street, October 18.

ADAM LYNN,

GOLDSMITH, &c.

HAS JUST RECEIVED

An elegant assortment of

Steel watch chains & keys.

He has also on hand, a large assortment of

Gold, Jewellery, Silver, plated, and fancy ware,

Which he offers for sale at his shop in King street, opposite Messrs. Patten & Scott's, where he manufactures all kinds of Gold, Jewellery, and Silver ware in a modern stile.

The highest price given for old Gold and Silver.

September 23. eptf

The Subscribers

HAVE FOR SALE ON COL. HOOE'S WHARF,

Muscovado Sugar in hhds.

and bbls. Loaf Sugar in do. New-England and West India Rum in do. Coffee in hhds. and bags, Sherry and Malaga Wine in quarter casks, James River Tobacco and Coal, coarse and fine Salt, a complete assortment of Bar Iron, Steel Nail and Spike rods, &c. &c.

ALSO,

A few barrels of Beef

in good order.

Wm. HARTSHORNE & SONS.

September 23.

FOR SALE,

BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,

ON HARPER'S WHARF,

Madeira, Sherry, Port, Lisbon, and Malaga Wines; Jamaica, Windward Island, and New-England Rum; Cognac, Bourdeaux, Peach, and Apple Brandy; Hollands Gin, Whiskey, Molasses, Bohea, Souchong, Hyson-skin, Hyson, and Young Hyson Teas; Muscovado and Loaf Sugars, Coffee, Chocolate, Spermaceti Candles in small boxes, mould and dipped do. white and brown Soap, Mustard, Cayenne and black Pepper, Barley in kegs and barrels, Allum and Cadiz Salt, ship, pilot, and fine Bread, and a quantity of empty Wine Bottles, &c.

JAMIESON & BARTLEMAN.

November 4. tf

CHARLES LOVE,

At his Store on King Street, a few doors above Mr. M'Knight's Tavern,

HAS NOW OPEN

A VERY LARGE AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

EUROPEAN GOODS,

Chiefly of this Fall's Importation, which he will sell by the piece, or package only, at an unusually low advance, for cash, or approved notes at 60 days.——He has also a considerable supply of

West-India Produce,

some

New England Goods,

and a quantity of

Whiskey in hogsheads.

☞ He will store, or purchase, FLOUR at the market price.

eptember 28.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Wm. SUMMERS, deceased, are requested to make payment, and those that have any demands against said estate are requested to bring them in, legally authenticated, in order that we may be able to settle our accounts of administration as the law requires.

ISABEL SUMMERS, Ex'rx.
GEORGE SUMMERS, Ex'r.

November 17.

N. B. Those who have any books belonging to the estate, will please to return them.

I. SUMMERS.
G. SUMMERS.

THOSE that have not paid their Town Tax, &c. are requested to make immediate payment to GEO. or L. SUMMERS, who are authorised to receive the same; and as no indulgence can be given, it is expected that this notice will be attended to.

GEORGE SUMMERS, T. S.

November 18.

BLANK MANIFESTS FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

The Columbian Mirror

AND

ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE.

CONGRESS.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 27.

Mr. Bartlett from Maſſachuſetts, in the place of Mr. Bradbury who reſigned, appeared and took his oath and ſeat.

The following members appeared for the firſt time, viz.

Meſſrs. Parker and Nicholas, from Virginia, Mr. Blount from North Carolina, Mr. Dennis from Maryland, Mr. Brooks from New-York, and Mr. Sewall from Maſſachuſetts.

Mr. Dwight Foſter, from the committee of claims, preſented a report, which ſtated, that the committee having examined the files and journals of the ſecond ſeſſion of the fourth congreſs, found ſundry petitions and memorials referred to the committee of claims, which, for want of time, had not been reported upon; and that ſome of the petitioners being now attending to learn the iſſue of their applications, they propoſed a reſolution for the adoption of the houſe, to the following effect:

"Reſolved, that all claims which, during the ſecond ſeſſion of the fourth congreſs were referred to the committee of claims, and not by them reported upon, be, and the ſame are hereby committed to the committee of claims, to be by them reported upon, agreeable to the rules of the houſe." Agreed.

The ſpeaker obſerved, that there had been an order made laſt week contrary to the rules of the houſe, by committing a bill to a committee of the whole which had originated in a former ſeſſion, without introducing it in the way directed by the rules. It would be neceſſary, therefore, to diſcharge the committee from the committal.

Mr. Livingſton accordingly moved that the committee of the whole to whom was referred the bill relative to refugees from Canada and Nova Scotia, be diſcharged from the conſideration. Agreed.

Mr. Williams then moved that a committee be appointed to prepare and bring in a bill for that purpoſe. Agreed, and a committee of three appointed.

Mr. Williams ſaid, it was generally allowed that the militia laws were not only very expenſive in their execution, but very inadequate in their effects—the ſubject had before been under conſideration; but, for want of time, was paſſed over. He therefore propoſed a reſolution to the following effect:

"Reſolved that a committee be appointed to report whether any, and what amendments are neceſſary to the act providing an uniform militia ſyſtem throughout the United States. Agreed and a committee of five appointed.

Mr. Otis, from the committee appointed to draft an addreſs in anſwer to the ſpeech of the Preſident of the United States, reported an addreſs, which was twice read, and referred to a committee of the whole for to-morrow.

Mr. Harper ſaid, that in purſuance of the notice which he had given, he now roſe to move a reſolution to the following effect:—

"Reſolved that a committee be appointed to prepare and report a bill providing an uniform ſyſtem of bankruptcy throughout the United States."

Mr. Harper added, that it was unneceſſary, he ſuppoſed, to enlarge upon the uſefulneſs of ſuch a law: that the paſſing of it would be attended with difficulties, he was ready to allow; but as theſe could only be properly judged of when the bill was reported, he truſted no objection would be made to the appointment of the propoſed committee.

Mr. Coit would have no objection to agreeing to the reſolution, if the mover would conſent to a ſmall alteration in its form. He himſelf was not convinced that ſuch a law would be of public advantage. He wiſhed, therefore, that the committee ſhould be appointed to enquire whether ſuch a law be expedient.

Mr. Harper ſaid, it was the intention of the gentleman to tranſfer the power of judging of the expediency of the meaſure from the houſe to a ſelect committee; he ſhould certainly object to it. He believed the reſolution would be beſt in its preſent form.

Mr. Livingſton ſaid there were two courſes to be taken in the introduction of bills: the gentleman from South Carolina had choſen that which directed the appointment of a committee to report a bill. He might have adopted the mode propoſed by the gentleman from Connecticut; but there could be no queſtion as to the propriety of the preſent motion.

Mr. Baldwin obſerved that the way in which the gentleman from Connecticut might obtain his end would be by moving to commit the motion.

Mr. Coit accordingly moved, that the motion be committed.

Mr. Baldwin added, that the objections to this mode of proceeding, which might be urged in ordinary caſes, were not applicable in this, becauſe the committee appointed would ſee the ſeveral ſolemn deciſions which had heretofore been had on this ſubject, and would calculate whether it would be worth their while to go over the ſame ground which had heretofore been trodden with ſo little ſucceſs. If he recollected right, the late colleague of the preſent mover in the buſineſs, introduced the meaſure in the firſt ſeſſion of Congreſs under the preſent government; but it was attended with ſo many difficulties, that the gentleman himſelf was diſcouraged from proceeding with it. Almoſt every Congreſs ſince had the ſubject before them. He believed that he had not leſs than five or ſix bills which had gone out the ſame courſe. Our country, he ſaid, was ſo extenſive, and our intereſts ſo various, that no ſyſtem of bankruptcy, he believed, could be formed to ſuit all its parts. If, indeed, the committee, after reviſing the ſeveral bills heretofore rejected, could ſuggeſt any new proviſions which might appear to obviate former objections: or if there ſhould appear to them to be any new circumſtances in the preſent ſituation of the country, which ſhould even call for the law with its former deficiencies, they will of courſe report a bill. If the contrary ſhould be the courſe, they will report it as their opinion.

The motion was agreed to, and a committee of five was appointed, viz. Meſſrs. Harper, Coit, Nicholas, Sitgreaves, and Baldwin.

Mr. Rutledge preſented the petition of Ann Gray, an aged widow, who had loſt her huſband and ſon in the revolutionary war, praying for relief. Referred to the committee of claims.

Adjourned.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 28.

Mr. S. Smith appeared to-day for the firſt time this ſeſſion.

Mr. Otis preſented the petition of *Deborah Gannett*, praying compenſation for her ſervices as a ſoldier in the revolutionary war, under the name of *Robert Shirtliff*, ſtating, that ſhe is able to produce certificates not only of her having ſerved, but alſo of her having been wounded. Referred to the committee of claims.

Mr. Coit moved for the order of the day on the reported anſwer to the Preſident's ſpeech.

The motion being agreed to, the houſe accordingly reſolved itſelf into a committee of the whole upon that ſubject. Mr. Dent in the chair, and the addreſs having been read through by the chairman, it was again read by paragraphs. The four firſt were read without any objection being offered to them. The fifth being gone through,

Mr. Pinckney ſaid he had to propoſe a ſmall alteration to this clauſe. He wiſhed to make the latter part of it a little leſs harſh. Inſtead of ſaying, "we ſhall inſiſt upon the ſame juſtice from others, &c." he thought it would have the ſame effect, and the term would be the leſs queſtionable if the paſſage ran thus, "nothing ſhall be wanting on our part to obtain the ſame juſtice from others," &c. The expreſſion uſed, he ſaid, might be perfectly juſtifiable; but if we could obtain what we wiſhed, without the poſſibility of giving offence, he thought that mode ought to be preferred. It was on this account he wiſhed the phraſeology to be changed.

After ſome debate the amendment propoſed by Mr. Pinckney was adopted, there being 62 members in favor of it.

The remainder of the addreſs was then gone through, without further obſervation.

Mr. Harper enquired whether it would not be in order to go back to the firſt paragraph. On the chairman's informing him it would, he ſaid he thought there was an expreſſion in the latter part of that paragraph which would require alteration. He meant that part which ſpoke of the law which contemplates contagious ſickneſs at the ſeat of government. He ſuppoſed the committee meant to recommend ſuch a law, as he believed there was not a law of that kind at preſent in exiſtence. He therefore moved to ſtrike out the words which had this reference.

Mr. Otis ſaid, his friend from South Carolina had overlooked the law in queſtion, which was paſſed in 1794, in conſequence of the contagious ſickneſs which had been experienced in this city the preceding year, and which gave to the Preſident of the United States the power of convening congreſs in any other place.

Mr. Harper acknowledged his miſtake, and that his propoſed amendment was therefore unneceſſary.

[*Several alterations were then ſuggeſted, none of which, however, obtained.*]

Mr. Otis moved, that the ſpeaker, attended by the houſe, ſhall preſent the ſaid addreſs to the Preſident of the United States; and that a committee be appointed to wait upon the Preſident, to know when and where it will be convenient to him to receive the ſame. Agreed.

Mr. Harper moved that the houſe reſolve itſelf into a committee of the whole, on the report of the Secretary of State, on the memorial of Antonio Carmichael, widow of William Carmichael, deceaſed, which being agreed to, the houſe reſolved itſelf into a committee accordingly, and the report was read from the chair.

It appears that the late William Carmichael (formerly a delegate in congreſs from Maryland) was appointed ſecretary of legation to Mr. Jay, miniſter plenipotentiary for negociating a treaty with the king of Spain in September, 1779; that the commiſſions to the ſecretaries to ſuch miniſters, at that time, directed that in caſe of the death of the miniſter, or neceſſary abſence, they are to take charge of all public affairs in his hands, and to reſide at ſuch court; that on the 4th of October, 1797, congreſs reſolved that each of the miniſters plenipotentiary be allowed at the rate of 2,500l. per annum, and each of their ſecretaries at the rate of 1000l. in full for their ſervices reſpectively; that Mr. Jay was called from Spain to Paris, in 1782 to aſſiſt in the negociations of peace, leaving the buſineſs of his miſſion in Spain to Mr. Carmichael; that he continued at the court of Spain until he received a formal appointment in April 1790, of charge des affaires, under the new government of the United States. Hence it follows that Mr. Carmichael was entitled not only to the ſalary of 1000l. ſterling as ſecretary, but to ſuch other allowances as were proper to be made to a charge des affairs, or miniſter of the United States at a foreign court; for though the ſalaries were ſaid to be full for their ſervices and expences, yet it was uſual to make other allowances for contingent expences; that at the court of Spain, foreign miniſters were obliged to attend the court at their five different places of reſidence, at each of which he was under the neceſſity of hiring a houſe; the ſecretary of ſtate therefore reports, that the following extraordinary expences to Mr. Carmichael's account ſhould be allowed.

[*Here follows a liſt of items, amounting to* 8,258 *dollars* 76 *cents.*]

A concurrence with this report was advanced by Meſſrs. Harper, Hartley, Gallatin, Pinckney, Sprigg, Bayard, Craik, and T. Claiborn, on the ground of equity and humanity. It was oppoſed by Meſſrs. Williams, Macon, and Coit; they wiſhed for further time and information on the ſubject, and for that purpoſe, Mr. Williams moved that the committee riſe, in order that it might be diſcharged from a further conſideration of the ſubject, and that the buſineſs might be referred to the committee of claims. It was urged by the friends of the report, that further information could not be had than was contained in the report, and that the principle might as well now be decided upon as at any diſtant period; that being a caſe founded on equity and not on law, it was not a proper ſubject to be tranſferred to the committee of claims.—They urged alſo, that a delay of juſtice was in this, as in moſt other caſes, a denial of it; that the eſtates of the widow were mortgaged, and had been kept from ſale from the hopes of receiving what ſhe petitioned for from Congreſs. At length the motion for the committee to riſe was put and negatived, there being only ſeven votes in favor of it. A reſolution was then agreed to, authorizing the accounting officers of the treaſury to ſettle the account, and a committee appointed to bring in a bill.

Mr. Livingſton moved that the petition of Andrew Pippin, and the report thereon, be referred to the committee of claims. Agreed.

Mr. Otis, from the committee appointed to wait upon the Preſident, to know when and where it would be convenient to him to receive the addreſs in anſwer to his ſpeech, reported that they had attended to that ſervice, and that it would be convenient to him to receive it at his houſe, to-morrow at 12 o'clock.

Mr. Sandwich preſented the petition of Edward Thompſon, a ſoldier in the late war; for relief, which being read, he moved to be referred to the committee of claims—but the chairman of that committee ſtating, that the ſame petition was reported upon laſt ſeſſion, and leave given to the petitioner to withdraw his papers, the motion was negatived, there only being 18 votes of the reference. Adjourned.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 29.

This day at 12 o'clock, the Houſe of Repreſentatives waited on the Preſident of the United States in his own houſe, where the ſpeaker preſented the following Anſwer, to his addreſs to both houſes.

TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

SIR,

While our ſympathy is excited by the recent ſufferings of the citizens of Philadelphia, we participate in the ſatisfaction which you are pleaſed to expreſs, that the duration of the late calamity was ſo limited as to render unneceſſary the expanſe and inconvenience that would have been incident to the convention of Congreſs in another place: and we ſhall readily attend to every uſeful amendment of the law which contemplates the event of contagious ſickneſs, at the ſeat of government.

In lamenting the increaſe of the injuries offered to the perſons and property of our citizens at ſea, we gratefully acknowledge the continuance of interior tranquility, the attendant bleſſings of which you remind us, as alleviations of theſe fatal effects of injuſtice and violence.

Whatever may be the reſult of the miſſion to the French republic, your early and uniform attachment to the intereſt of our country—your important ſervices in the ſtruggle for independence—and your unceaſing exertions for its welfare—afford no room to doubt of the ſincerity of your efforts to conduct the negociation to a ſucceſsful concluſion, on ſuch terms as may be compatible with the ſafety, honor and intereſt of the United States. We have alſo a firm reliance upon the energy and unanimity of the people of theſe States, in the aſſertion of their rights, and in the determinations to exert, upon all proper occaſions, their ample reſources in providing for the national defence.

The importance of commerce, and its beneficial influence upon agriculture, arts, and manufactures, have been verified in the growth of and proſperity of our country. It is eſſentially connected with the other great intereſts of the community:—they muſt flouriſh and decline together; and while the extention of our navigation and trade, naturally excites the jealouſy, and tempts the avarice of other nations we are firmly perſuaded that the numerous and deſerving claſs of citizens engaged in theſe purſuits, and depend on them for their ſubſiſtence, has a ſtrong and indiſputable claim to our ſupport and protection.

The delay of the Spaniſh officers to fulfill the treaty exiſting with his Catholic Majeſty, is a ſource of deep regret—We learn, however, with ſatisfaction, that you ſtill indulge hopes of removing the objections which have been made to its execution, and that you have continued in readineſs to receive the poſts. Diſpoſed to perform with fidelity, our national engagements, nothing ſhall be wanting on our part to obtain the ſame juſtice from others, which we exerciſe towards them.

Our abhorrence cannot be too ſtrongly expreſſed, of the intrigues of foreign agents, to alienate the affections of the Indian nations, and to rouſe them to acts of hoſtility againſt the United States. No means in our power ſhall be omitted, of providing for the ſuppreſſion of ſuch cruel practices, and for the adequate puniſhment of their atrocious authors.

Upon the other intereſting ſubjects noticed in your addreſs, we ſhall beſtow the requiſite attention. To preſerve inviolate the public faith, by providing for the due execution of our treaties; to indemnify thoſe who may have juſt claims to retribution upon the United States, for expences incurred in defending the pro-

perty, and relieving the neceſſities of our unfortunate fellow citizens; to guard againſt the laws intended to ſecure advantages to the navigation of our own veſſels; and eſpecially, to prevent, by all poſſible means, an unneceſſary accumulation of the public debt, are duties which we ſhall endeavor to keep in view, and diſcharge with aſſiduity.

We regard, with great anxiety, the ſingular and portentous ſituation of the principal powers of Europe. It was devoutly to be wiſhed, that the United States, remote from the ſeat of war and diſcord, unambitious of conqueſt; reſpecting the rights of other nations; and deſirous merely to avail themſelves of their natural reſources, might be permitted to behold the ſcenes which deſolate that quarter of the globe, with only thoſe ſympathetic emotions which are natural to the lovers of peace, and friends of the human race. But we are led by events to aſſociate with theſe feelings a ſenſe of the dangers which menace our ſecurity and peace. We rely upon the aſſurance of a zealous and hearty concurrence in ſuch meaſures as may be neceſſary to avert theſe dangers; and nothing on our part ſhall be wanting to repel them, which the honor, ſafety, and proſperity of our country may require.

To which the Preſident made the following

REPLY.

GENTLEMEN OF THE
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,

I RECEIVED the addreſs from the Houſe of Repreſentatives of the United States with peculiar pleaſure.

Your approbation of the meeting of Congreſs in this city, and of thoſe other meaſures of the executive authority of government communicated in my addreſs to both houſes at the opening of the ſeſſion, afford me great ſatisfaction; as the ſtrongeſt deſire of my heart is to give ſatisfaction to the people and their repreſentatives by a faithful diſcharge of my duty.

The confidence you put in the ſincerity of my endeavors and the unanimity of the people does me much honor, and gives me great joy.

I rejoice in the harmony which appears in the ſentiments of all the branches of the government, on the importance of our commerce, and our obligations to defend it, as well as in all the other ſubjects recommended to your conſideration, and ſincerely congratulate you and our fellow-citizens at large, on this appearance ſo auſpicious to the honor, intereſt, and happineſs of the nation.

JOHN ADAMS.

UNITED STATES,
November 29, 1797.

☞ THE *inhabitants of Fairfax County are requeſted to meet at the Court-Houſe in Alexandria, on Saturday the 9th day of December next, at 12 o'clock in order to inſtruct their immediate Repreſentatives in the preſent Legiſlature of Virginia, relative to the ſubject of calling a convention to reviſe the Conſtitution of this State.*

VIRGINIA:

IN THE HOUSE OF DELEGATES,

Tueſday, the 13th of December, 1796.

WHEREAS petitions have been preſented to the General Aſſembly, from various parts of this Commonwealth, praying for the eſtabliſhment of ſome mode, whereby the preſent Conſtitution or Form of Government ſhould be reviſed and amended; and this Aſſembly deeming it improper for them to act upon the ſame without a declaration of the public will reſpecting it, or totally to ſtifle the wiſhes of a part of their fellow citizens,

Reſolved therefore, That it be recommended to the good people of this commonwealth, to inſtruct their Repreſentatives in the next ſeſſion of the General Aſſembly, upon the propriety of calling a convention for that purpoſe, and of aſcertaining the manner in which the ſame ſhould be carried into effect.

H. BROOKE, C. S.

December 13, 1796—Agreed to by the houſe of Delegates,

JOHN STEWART, C. H. D.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS William Middleton now hold a negro girl, as my property, but who belongs to a relation, and probably will attempt to ſell her, all perſons are hereby cautioned from purchaſing her, as he has no right to diſpoſe of her.

LUCINDA IRONMONGER.

December 5.

Alexandria, December 5.

☞ DR. COKE, Biſhop of the Methodiſt Church, intends to preach at Alexandria, on Thurſday the 7th inſtant; at Baltimore, on Sunday the 10th; at Wilmington, on Sunday the 17th; at Philadelphia, on Tueſday the 19th; and at New-York, on Sunday the 31ſt.

A pamphlet written by Fauchet, the former French Miniſter of the United States has lately been received in this country.—We hear it reprobates the policy of entering into a war with the United States on the part of France.

Several publications on the ſubject of Government have lately been made by the celebrated Barrere—One of which is an eulogium on Monteſquieu.

M. Neckar has lately publiſhed a book in which he has panegyrized the Conſtitution of the United States.

G. U. S.

Extract from the Journal General of the Commune of France.

Nantz, September 15.

Tobacco becomes every day more and more ſcarce. Virginia manufactured, ſells for 125 to 130 livres, and Maryland Tobacco, for 105 to 110 livres per C.

The other articles that are riſing, are Carolina Rice, that fetches from 19 to 20 livres per Cwt. and Roſin worth now from 11 to 12 livres per Cwt.

APPOINTMENT.

Doctor BENJAMIN RUSH, to be Treaſurer of the Mint—vice Doctor NICOLAS WAY, deceaſed.

PHILADELPHIA, NOVEMBER 20.

Laſt evening, the petit jury of the court of oyer and terminer and general gaol delivery, after hearing the reſpective witneſſes, and the pleading of learned and able counſel, in the caſe of——O'Hara, charged with the murder of——Aitken, in June laſt, retired to their room, and in about half an hour returned with a verdict of wilful murder, of the higheſt degree. The priſoner is to receive ſentence of death on Saturday morning next.

It is ſaid there is a letter in town, dated Paris, Sept. 24, with a poſtſcript dated 3d October, which informs that three commiſſioners have been nominated by the French government to come to this country to enquire into and adjuſt the buſineſs of the ſpoliations on the American commerce by French cruizers. It is added that the perſons nominated had not immediately accepted, but had the offer under conſideration.

THE LIBERTY OF THE PRESS.

Yeſterday at the court of Oyer and Terminer, now ſitting in this city, a bill of indictment was given in againſt the editor of *Porcupine's Gazette*, for publiſhing certain matter (*ſaid to be* libellous) againſt the *King of Spain*, the *Spaniſh Miniſter*, and the *Spaniſh Nation*, which bill was, by a *virtuous* and *independent* grand jury, returned, "IGNORAMUS."

NEW-YORK, NOVEMBER 27.

The entertainment given to the Preſident of the United States in this city coſt each gueſt SIX DOLLARS when he paſſed through Brunſwick, a dinner, of which he partook with the principal Citizens is ſaid to have coſt SIX SHILLINGS to each perſon. This is mentioned, not to accuſe either of prodigality or parſimony: for the variation of circumſtances may have made of both prices equally proper, and both entertainments equally agreeable; But the ſingularity of the fact deſerves notice.

SALEM, NOVEMBER 21.

FROM A CORRESPONDENT.

Baker's Iſland light houſe will be of the greateſt future advantage to the foreign and coaſting trade of Salem and the adjacent towns. It has been long longed for by every citizen having the public intereſt at heart, and it is now almoſt or quite finiſhed, and we underſtand the keeper (Mr. Chapman) is appointed.

The way-worn and weather beaten traveller of the ſea, will now be enabled, by this new light, to gain this port in times of difficulty and danger. Theſe are almoſt peculiar to our northern coaſt in the winter ſeaſon; and as this is faſt approaching, we ſuggeſt the propriety of an early attention to the lights; and hope it will be only a few days more before we ſhall have the pleaſure to announce that the "lamps are lighted and burning" on Baker's Iſland.

NEW-LONDON, NOVEMBER 29.

The Federal Houſe of Repreſentatives on the firſt day of their ſitting, paſſed a reſolution for furniſhing themſelves with *three new papers*, at the public expence. A friend to Printers wiſhes the reſolution had extended to all the papers printed in the United States, as the names of ſo many gentlemen (ſure pay too) would form an handſome appendage to our ſubſcription liſts.

WEST-INDIES.

KINGSTON, (JAM.) OCTOBER 7.

A letter from Cape N. Mole, dated the 19th ult. ſays,

"Two days ago, I was witneſs to the audacity of the Brigand barges, one of which came into the harbor, at midnight, and cut out an American veſſel, and in the morning three of them were ſeen bearing off their prize in triumph. The Adventure and Yorke boats were inſtantly manned, and with the Lively, ſent in purſuit of them, while a party of military was ſent by land, to prevent their landing. Their being purſued obliged them to abandon their prize, and to effect a retreat, after plundering the veſſel and almoſt killing the maſter. The wind being too light, two of them got into the platform; the other laden with the ſpoils, ran aſhore, and, as is their cuſtom, the Brigands mounted the rocks, with their muſkets, ſhouting '*Vive la Republique*,' not ſuſpecting our troops had poſſeſſion of the mountain above them, and who rather unexpectedly, gave them 3 vollies, and ruſhed down upon them; 8 of the Brigands were kuled, 4 taken, and only 2 eſcaped."

Extract of a letter from Port-au Prince, dated the 11th of September.

"We are plunged into a chaos, where I am afraid it will give our government a good deal of difficulty to comprehend ſome things. They confound Rigaud, and all his crimes, with thoſe of Santhonax, and do not perceive that thoſe of the former, are perfectly independent of the latter, who was put on board a merchant veſſel, called the Indian, mounting 20 guns, on the 21ſt of July, by his black colleague, Touſſaint, in order to be conveyed to France.—Touſſaint has kept Raymond, and has ſent for Roume, to form the colonial directory, which makes us preſume, that theſe circumſtances took place before the arret of the directory, which ſuſpends from its functions the directory at the Cape, from the 22d of July; that is to ſay, one day later than the embarkation of Santhonax.—Touſſaint governs the Cape in quality of Generaliſſimo.—Rigaud is maſter of Petit Guave, Grand Guave, and Jacquemel; he has carried fire and deſtruction through every plantation in that quarter. It was believed, that Rigaud was in poſſeſſion of Leogane, but it appears to be falſe."

A Pamphlet is publiſhed in Connecticut intitled "Georgia Speculation Unveiled," by Abraham Biſhop, of New-Haven; in which the writer attempts to prove the ſales of the Georgia Weſtern Lands to have been fraudulent, and the notes given for them of courſe voidable for want of conſideration. He maintains that by a pamphlet circulated by the Georgia companies, called a "ſtate of facts," and by other repreſentations made by the ſellers of the land, the purchaſers were made to believe, and contracted for land under the belief, that the ſtate of Georgia, and of courſe the companies actually poſſeſſed the fee of the lands; and the Indians only retained the right of hunting and fiſhing on them. Whereas the fact was, that the fee of the land was, and it ſtill is, in the natives.

On the ground of fraud, and want of conſideration in the notes, the author contends that courts of chancery have a right to interpoſe and declare the notes void. He in-

ſtances the great caſe of the Directors for South Sea Stock, which Parliament, on account of the injuſtice of applying the ordinary rules of law to them, interpoſed their ſovereign power to modify, in order to ſave multitudes from ruin.

The caſes are not exactly ſimilar, but he maintains that the Georgia buſineſs was a ſcheme of ſwindling, worſe in principle than the South Sea bubble, and that, in a caſe of ſuch immenſe injuſtice and fraud, as to require a ſuſpenſion of the ordinary rules of law.

The pamphlet is a work of ingenuity, and the ſubject very intereſting. A ſecond number will appear in a few weeks, in which the writer will publiſh the documents to ſubſtantiate his reaſoning.

The richneſs of the ſoil of St. Domingo may be judged of by the following circumſtance:—The firm of a partnerſhip of Meſſrs. Hallam, Eſton, Dunas, Forbes, and Gordan, rented in the plain of Larquhay, three Sugar and two Coffee Eſtates, without expending one ſix-pence of money, the profit on one crop of which was 186,000l. ſterling. Four coffee eſtates in or near Jeremie, netted a profit of 98,000l. ſterling.—Theſe were all abſentee eſtates and the rent is deducted.

DIED—At Poughkeepſie, Mrs. ELIZABETH CRABB, aged 102 years, and by many of her friends ſaid to be 105.

At Morriſtown (N. J.) Mr. T. PECK, aged 90. Within a ſhort time of his death he had ſix new teeth—for many years previous he was toothleſs.

At Gray, (Maine) Mr. JOHN JENKS, aged 114. His hair, which had been white and had came off, was lately grown out of a dark lively colour, and a new ſet of teeth had made their appearance.

FRENCH CROWNS.

☞ WE the Subſcribers will receive from our Cuſtomers, FRENCH CROWNS in payment, at One Hundred and Ten Cents each as heretofore.

William Hodgſon,
Joſeph Riddle & Co.
John Janney,
Thompſon & Veitch,
James Wilſon,
Samuel Craig,
William I. Hall,
Drinker & Stansbury,
Philip Wanton,
Rob't Patton & Ch's Scott.

Alexandria, Nov. 25, '97.

☞ *As the Mirror, during the Winter Eſtabliſhment of the Mails, will be publiſhed between the hours of 11 and 12, Advertiſements will be received until 10 o'clock on the days of publication.*

VIRGINIA:

In the High Court of Chancery.

Between
George Waſhington, ſurviving executor of Thomas Calvilie, Plaintiff,
and
Thomas Weſt, executor, deviſee, and heir at law of John Weſt, Jun. deceaſed, who was one of the executors of Thomas Calvilie; and the neareſt relations of Catharine Calvilie, mother of the ſaid Thomas Calvilie, of the names of Stoi, Weſt, Richardſon, and Smith, or their deſcendants, Defendants.

ON the motion of the plaintiff by his counſel, the court this third day of October, in the year of our lord, one thouſand, ſeven hundred and ninety ſeven, doth direct Maſter Commiſſioner Keith to examine, ſtate, and ſettle the account of the plaintiff's adminiſtration of the eſtate of his teſtator, and report the ſame to the court, with ſuch matters ſpecially as he may think pertinent, or as the parties may require to be ſo ſtated.

A Copy,
(Teſte)
PETER TINSLEY, C. C.

ON the ſecond Monday in February next, I will proceed to ſtate and ſettle the accounts of the adminiſtration of the eſtate of the ſaid Thomas Calvilie, at my houſe in the town of Alexandria, of which the ſeveral parties concerned are requeſted to take notice.

JAMES KEITH.

December 5.

LABOURERS.

THE ſubſcriber has ſeveral likely NEGRO MEN, which he will hire by the month or year—one of them is a good waiſtcoat maker, having been employed in the buſineſs many years; two others are excellent ſawyers.

JOHN DARBY.

December 5.

Cottom's Book Store,
KING STREET.

PETER COTTOM acquaints his friends and the public, that he has just received a fresh supply of

Books and Stationary,

Which with those already on hand, form a good assortment, all of which he is determined to sell on low terms.—Amongst those received are the following:—viz.

Winterbotham's Historical, Geographical Commercial, & Philosophical View of the United States of America, and of the European settlements in America, and the West Indies, with cuts & maps—4 vol. London edition.
Shakespeare's works, with two cuts to each play, and two allegorical frontispieces to each volume, in 8 vol. Lon. edit.
Anacharsis' Travels, abridged, with plates, Lon. edit.
Biographical Dictionary, 3 vol.
Morse's American Gazetteer.
Scott's do. do.
Goldsmith's Animated Nature. 4 vol.
Goldsmith's Philosophy 2 vol.
Wonderful Magazine, 5 vol;
Laws of the U. States, 8 vol.
Buchan's Domestic Medicine, with an account of the Yellow Fever in Philadelphia by Isaac Cathrall.
Bell's Surgery, 4 vol.
—— on Ulcers.
—— on Venereal.
Gordon's History of the American war. 3 vol.
Leondrum's do. do. 2 vol.
Chesterfield's Letters to his son. 4 vol.
Looker On, a periodical work, 1 vol.

NOVELS.

The Italian, or the Confessional of the Black Penitents, a romance by Mrs. Radcliff.
Mysteries of Udolpho, by do.
Romance of the Forest, by do.
Athlin and Dunbayne, by do.
Algerine Captive.
Alexis, or the Cottage in the Wood.
Emigrants, by G. Imlay, Esq.
Emmaline, or the Orphan of the Castle, by C. Smith.
Wanderings of Warwick, by do.
Ermine, or the Fair Recluse.
Antoinette.
Haunted Priory.
Eliza Powell.
Audley Forrescue, or the Victims of Frailty.
Henrietta.
Camilla, or a Picture of Youth, by Mrs. d'Ardbley, formerly Miss Burney.
Cecilia, by do.
Evelina, by do.
Contrast, by E. S. Villa Real Gooch.
Sorrows of Werter.
Charlotte, by Mrs Rowson.
Trials of the Heart, by do.

He has also,

Bibles, Testaments, Common Prayer Books, Primers, Dilworth's and Webster's Spelling Books, Dictionaries, Childrens' Books, &c. Writing, Wrapping, and Blue Paper, and Paper Hangings,—Pasteboards, Parchment, Quills, Ink stands, and Sand boxes, Blank Books of all kinds, Ink Powder, red and black, and ready made Ink, Lead and Slate Pencils, Indian rubber, English and American Playing Cards, Pocket Books and Tablets, &c. &c.

ALMANACS,

By the thousand, grose, dozen, or single.
November 28.

JOHN BOGUE,

Has imported in the ship Fair Virginian, Capt. Batty Robinson.

FROM LONDON,

A Large and general assortment of Ironmongery and Hardware, well bought and chosen, which are ready for sale at his store in King-street, (opposite to Mr. Peter Wise's) by wholesale and retail, either by the package or parcel, at the most reduced prices, for cash or the usual credit to punctual customers.

Among which are the following, viz:

Locks; hinges, bolts, and screws of different sizes and sizes, sash pulleys, spring and screw sash fastenings, spring and thumb latches, street door, draw back spring locks of all sizes, brass and iron door knockers, Brads, and flat pointed nails of all sorts, clout, trunk, and rose spike nails, &c. suitable for builders—brass and iron book case, till, and chest locks,—a variety of cabinet and other keys to suit locks, &c. brass and iron door and table butts, flush bolts, quadrants and catches, commode, drop, and other handles, three wheeled sockets, screw and other castors, brass and bone knobs, pendant, curtain, and picture frame rings, escutcheons, &c. Flemish tacks, girth web, prince's metal cords, best English glue, &c. suitable for cabinet makers.

Also, a large assortment of carpenters', joiners', and cabinet makers' tools of all kinds—spades, shovels, pickaxes, currying combs, &c.

I have also on hand a large assortment of English Shoes, consisting of seal, calf, neat, and side skin, of the first quality.

House and Ship Joining carried on as usual, in the neatest manner, and on the most reasonable terms.

November 25. 1mep.

Take Notice,

THAT I intend to petition the next General Assembly of Virginia, for leave to establish a ferry from my land in Alexandria, to the Maryland shore.

JESSE TAYLOR.

November 4.

Lots on Duke Street for Sale.

On Friday the 15th of next month, will be exposed to Public Sale on the town of Alexandria,

Sundry Lots of Ground, lying on Duke and Royal Streets, to the highest bidders for ready money.—A Plan of the Lots with a more particular explanation of the terms, will be make known on the day of sale, by

Wm. HARTSHORNE, Trustee for
ELISHA C. DICK.

Alex. 11th mo. 20th. 1797.

To be Sold,

At Mr. Wm. Herndon's Tavern, on Monday the 2d day of January next, if fair, if not, the next fair day,

ABOUT FIFTY LIKELY

Virginia born Negroes.

Belonging to the Estate of FIELDING LEWIS, deceased,

Consisting of Men, Women, and Children:—Among said Negroes are several valuable tradesmen, viz. Three likely fellows well acquainted with the rope making business, having been at that employ more than ten years—a very valuable blacksmith—a good shoemaker—a cooper—and a cook. Twelve months credit will be given for all sums above thirty pounds, bond and approved security to be given; all under that sum to be ready payment.

JOHN LEWIS, } *Executors of*
GEORGE LEWIS, } *F. Lewis, dec.*

Fredericksburg, Sept. 27. 1aw1f

At a Court held for Fairfax County, the 16th day of October, 1797.

Robert Young & Co. } Compl.
against
Matthew F. Bowne and Theodorus J. Hamilton, under the firm of Matthew Franklin Bowne & Comp. and John Mandeville, and Baldwin Dade, } *In Chancery.*
Def.

THE Defendants, Matthew Franklin Bowne, and Theodorus James Hamilton, not having entered their appearance, and given security according to law, and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that they are not inhabitants of this country:—On the motion of the complainants by their counsel, it is ordered, that the said defendants do appear here on the third Monday in December next, and answer the bill of the complainants; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in the Alexandria Gazette, for two months successively, and posted up at the front door of the court house of this county—and it is further decreed and ordered, that the defendants John Mandeville and Baldwin Dade do not pay, convey away, or secrete, any of the debts owing, or effects in their hands belonging to the defendants Matthew Franklin Bowne and Theodorus James Hamilton, until the further order and decree of this court.

A Copy,
(Teste)
P. WAGENER, C. C.

October 11th 2m

At a Court of Hustings held for the Town of Alexandria, the 2d day of October, 1797.

Robert Young and Company, compl's.
against
Benjamin Grayson Orr, Philip Marsteller, Philip G. Marsteller, and Lewis Marsteller, under the firm of Marsteller & Sons, James Patten and James Dykes, and Robert Camp. defend's. } *In Chancery.*

THE defendant Benjamin Grayson Orr, not having entered his appearance, and given security agreeable to law, and the rules of this court; and it appearing to the satisfaction of this court, that he is not an inhabitant of this country—On the motion of the complainant by their council, it is ordered, that the said defendant do appear here on the first day of December term next, and answer the bill of the complainants; and that a copy of the above be forthwith inserted in the Alexandria Gazette for two months successively, and posted up at the front door of the Court house of the town of Alexandria.—And it is further decreed and ordered that the defendants Philip Marsteller, Philip G. Marsteller, and Lewis Marsteller, under the firm of Marsteller & Sons; James Patten and James Dykes, and Robert Camp, do not pay, convey away, or secrete, any of the debts owing, or effects in their hands, belonging to the defendant Benjamin Grayson Orr, until the further order and decree of this court.

A Copy,
(Teste)
PETER WAGENER, C. C.

October 5. 2m

Last Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the late Firm of HANSON and BOND, PRINTERS are requested to make payment to the Subscriber, who alone is authorized to receive and settle the same.

T. BOND.

October 30, 1797.

For Sale by
COATS RIDGWAY,

AT HIS STORE, CORNER OF KING AND FAIRFAX STREETS,

Hollands Gin in pipes and cases,
French Brandy,
W. I. and N. E. Rum,
Coffee,
Hyson and Hyson skin Teas,
Loaf and Brown Sugars,
Port Wine in quarter casks,
Molasses in hhds. and bbls.
White and Brown Soap,
Coarse and Fine Salt,
Spanish Leather,
Pepper and Allspice,
London & Philadelphia Porter in bbls.
Claret in boxes,
2,000lb. James River Tobacco,
And a quantity of Coal.

And 30 Quarter-casks of

GUN POWDER.

ALSO,

A few Dry Goods,

which will be sold at the most reduced prices.

October 17.

FALL GOODS.

Joseph Riddle & Co.
HAVE IMPORTED,
IN THE SHIP ALKONAD, CAPT. LEMMON FROM LIVERPOOL,
An Extensive Assortment of

Woolens, Hardware, Manchester Goods, &c. &c.

Which are ready for sale on the usual credit to punctual customers.

☞ They daily expect their

London Goods,

in the Fair Virginian.

September 30.

GEO. CLEMENTSON,
HAS RECEIVED,
BY THE SHIP BRUNSKILL, FROM WHITEHAVEN,

Napped Cottons, Plaidings, Linzey and Jerseys, Duffels, Silk Rugs, Yarn Hose, Oznaburgs, Sacking, Irish Linens, Calicoes, Nuns, Oznaburg, and Shoe Threads, Felt Hats, Foolscap and Post Paper, Horn and Ivory Combs, Cutlery, Garden Spades, Frying pans, Sad irons, 6, 8, 10, 12, and 20d. Nails, broad Hoes, Earthenware, and Seine Twine.—Which he offers for sale on moderate terms by the package.

He has also for sale,

GLASS WARE in casks,
And about 500 doz. QUART BOTTLES.

October 18.

Agreeable to the last will and testament of Isaac Walker, late of Prince George County, deceased, will be sold at public sale, in Bladensburg, on Tuesday, the 5th of December next, if fair, if not the next fair day thereafter all his property, consisting of nearly

TWO THOUSAND POUNDS WORTH
(COUNTRY COST)

Wet and Dry Goods,

Well laid in and handsomely assorted;—an unexpired term of a lease of the valuable houses and lot formerly occupied by the said deceased; all his wearing apparel; household and kitchen furniture; two saddle horses, saddles and bridles; one tolkey and gears, complete; two milch cows, and six head of hogs, and many other articles too tedious to enumerate.

Terms of Sale.—The whole of the merchandize will be sold together, the purchaser giving bond with approved security, one half to be paid in six months, and the other in twelve from the day of sale. The other property will be sold (for all sums above ten pounds) on a credit of six months, the purchaser giving bond on interest, with security, and for all sums under ten pounds for cash only, to be paid down on the spot.

All persons having claims against the estate of Isaac Walker, deceased are desired to bring them in, properly authenticated, as soon as possible, and all those indebted to the said estate are requested to make payment immediately to the subscribers.

RICHARD WALKER, } *Executors.*
ROBERT TALLEY, }

Bladensburg, Nov. 15 epdsf.

A Teacher Wanted.

A SINGLE man of good character qualified to teach reading, writing, and arithmetic, who would be willing to take charge of a School about eighteen miles in the country, may hear of a place by applying at the office of the Mirror.——The salary will be about 250 dollars per annum, and the expence of living, such as board, &c. moderate. To the above qualifications, a man who could join that of a good teacher of music, would find it his interest, and be more acceptable.

November 18.

For Sale,

5 very likely negro fellows, about 20 years of age, have been used to plantation business.

ALSO,

Three likely Women, with their children—three or four in each family.—For terms apply to

JOHN DANCY,
Rosenworth, Fairfax county.

Who wants an Overseer on very good pay—A steady, middle aged married man of decent connection.——None but those who understand business need apply.

November 10, 1797.

CHARLES JONES,
COACH-MAKER,

RESPECTFULLY begs leave to acquaint his friends and former customers, that he has again commenced business at WEST END, Duke Street, where he purposes to carry on the COACH-MAKING in all its various branches.

He hopes from his general knowledge, long experience in Europe and America, and a desire to give perfect satisfaction to all who please to favor him with their commands, to merit a continuance of that encouragement he has hitherto so amply experienced.

He has now in forwardness several NEW COACHES, CHAIRS, &c. &c. of different kinds, which he can have finished at a very short notice, agreeably to the Purchaser's fancy, having a number of steady workmen in the different Branches, and all kinds of materials for carrying on his business *Extensively*.

As he has engaged a PAINTER of the *First Eminence*, and erected suitable workshops, he is enabled to finish his work equal to any in the Continent.

CARRIAGES of all Descriptions taken in Exchange, for which a generous price will be allowed.

June, 10. tf.

FOR SALE,

THE lease of the valuable premises whereon I now live, being a part of Bridoe's tract, lying in the county of Prince William, about twenty miles from Dumfries, and thirty six from Alexandria and George town. The tenament in good order, the title for fifty years yet to come indisputable, the rent low, and a sufficient support of wood land for the term; the fields from three to four years sufficient for the culture of six or eight hands. For terms apply on the premises.

SAMUEL WATSON.

September 5. 1tf

GEORGE HUNTER,
AT HIS STORE IN FAIRFAX STREET,
HAS RECEIVED,

White Russia Sheeting, Drilling and Ravens Duck, with a variety of other articles, too numerous to mention, which added to his former stock of Goods, render his assortment general.

Having some time ago advertised those indebted to me to come forward and settle their accounts, and some of them having failed to comply—I do once more inform them that no further indulgence will be given, as I am fully determined to sell only for cash, or produce at the market price.

G. H.

September 12. tf

Havanna Sugar, Molasses, and Segars.

400 barrels prime quality Sugar,
100 hogsheads Molasses,
And a parcel of Segars,
Will be landed this day at our wharf, from on board the schooner Mary from Havanna, and will be sold on very moderate terms. Apply to

ROBERT & JAMES HAMILTON.

August 29. tf

THE PARTNERSHIP OF
Price and Gird

IS *this day dissolved by mutual consent Those who have claims will present them to Ellis Price, to whom those indebted are requested to make payment.*

ELLIS PRICE,
HENRY GIRD, Junr.

November 21, 1797.

☞ *A half year's subscription is now due from a majority of the Subscribers to the* MIRROR—*Those in town will be waited on with their accounts, and of the Subscribers in the country, it is expected they will take the earliest opportunity to discharge their respective dues.*

ALEXANDRIA:
Printed every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday,
BY
ELLIS PRICE.